HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD Co. No. 738090 - M (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Reports and financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2008

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

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HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2008.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in managing family takaful including investment-linked business and all classes of general takaful businesses. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

RM'000

Net profit for the financial year

**273** 

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends have been paid or declared by the Company since end of the previous financial period.

The Directors do not recommend any dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2008.

### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

All material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year are disclosed in the financial statements.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who have held office during the period since the date of last report are as follows:

Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar
Ms Yvonne Chia
Mr Jun Hemmi
Encik Mustapha bin Hamat
YBhg Tan Sri A. Razak bin Ramli
Mr Khalid Mahmood Bhaimia
(Appointed on 6 August 2007)
Mr Choong Yee How
(Appointed on 13 August 2007)
Mr Charlie Espinola Oropeza
(Appointed on 13 August 2007)

Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Independent Non-Executive Director Independent Non-Executive Director Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

In accordance with Article 119 of the Company's Article of Association, Ms Yvonne Chia and Mr Jun Hemmi retire by rotation from the Board and being eligible, offer themselves for reelection.

In accordance with Article 94 of the Company's Article of Association, Mr Khalid Mahmood Bhaimia, Mr Choong Yee How and Mr Charlie Espinola Oropeza retire from the Board and being eligible, offer themselves for election.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

None of the directors holding office at the end of the financial year had any beneficial interest in ordinary shares, options over shares and debentures of the Company and/or its related corporations during the financial year ended 30 June 2008 as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 1965, except for Ms Yvonne Chia, Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar and Mr Choong Yee How, whose direct interests in the shares and options over shares of related corporations, are as follows:

	Nominal value per	value				
	share (RM)	As at 1.7.2007	Acquired	Sold	As at 30.6.2008	
Interest of Ms Yvonne Chia in:						
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	1.00	90,000	10,000	-	100,000	
Guocoland (Malaysia) Berhad Hong Leong Financial Group	0.50	10,000	-	-	10,000	
Berhad	1.00	-	10,000	· <b>-</b>	10,000	

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (Continued)**

	Nominal value	<b>N</b> 1			
	per share (RM)	As at 1.7.2007	mber of ordir Acquired	Sold	As at 30.6.2008
Interest of Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar in: Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad	1.00	-	116,851	-	116,851
		Numbe	er of options	over sha	ares
	ар	As at 1.7.2007/ date of pointment	Acquired	Sold	As at 30.6.2008
Interest of Ms Yvonne Chia in: Guocoland (Malaysia) Berhad		-	6,800,000	-	6,800,000
Interest of Mr Choong Yee How in Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad	ո։	8,000,000	-	-	8,000,000

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

Since the end of the previous financial period, no Director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by certain Directors as shown in the financial statements of the fixed salary of a full time employee of the Company or of related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest except for Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar who may be deemed to derive a benefit in respect of those transactions for the provision of legal services between related corporations and a firm in which Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar has interest.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year, which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate other than the share options granted pursuant to the Executive Share Option Schemes of Hong Leong Bank Berhad and Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad, the immediate and intermediate holding companies respectively.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied with the prescriptive requirements of, and adopts management practices that are consistent with the principles prescribed under JPI/GPI 25: Prudential Framework of Corporate Governance for Insurers issued by Bank Negara Malaysia and the principles of Shariah.

#### **Board of Directors/Chief Executive Officer**

The Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") assumes responsibility for effective stewardship and control of the Company and has established terms of reference to assist in the discharge of this responsibility.

The role and responsibilities of the Board broadly cover formulation of corporate policies and strategies; overseeing and evaluating the conduct of the Company's business; identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks; reviewing and approving key matters such as financial results, investments and divestments, acquisitions and disposals and major capital expenditure and such other responsibilities that are required of them by Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") as specified in guidelines and circulars issued by BNM, from time to time.

The Chief Executive Officer of the Company is responsible for implementing the policies and decisions of the Board, overseeing the day-to-day operations, setting the plan and direction, benchmark and targets for the Company, tracking compliance and business progress, initiating innovative business ideas to create competitive edge and development of business and corporate strategies with the aim of enhancing shareholders' wealth.

The present Board comprises the Chairman who is a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director, five Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors and two Independent Non-Executive Directors. In accordance with the Guidelines on Directorships for Takaful Operators, all Directors are appointed to the Board after prior approval had been obtained from BNM.

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (Continued)**

## **Board of Directors/Chief Executive Officer (Continued)**

During the financial year ended 30 June 2008, seven Board Meetings were held and the attendance of the Directors was as follows:-

Directors	Attendance
Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar (Chairman) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	7/7
Ms Yvonne Chia (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	7/7
Mr Jun Hemmi (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	6/7
Encik Mustapha bin Hamat (Independent Non-Executive Director)	6/7
YBhg Tan Sri A. Razak bin Ramli (Independent Non-Executive Director)	7/7
Mr Khalid Mahmood Bhaimia (Appointed on 6 August 2007) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	5/6
Mr Choong Yee How (Appointed on 13 August 2007) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	6/6
Mr Charlie Espinola Oropeza (Appointed on 13 August 2007) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	6/6

#### **Chief Executive Officer**

Encik Ezamshah bin Ismail had resigned from the Company with effect from 1 May 2008. While pending the appointment of a suitable Chief Executive Officer, Mr Charlie Espinola Oropeza, a Director of the Company, was appointed as the acting Chief Executive Officer.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (Continued)**

### **Board of Directors/Chief Executive Officer (Continued)**

#### Supply of Information

Board reports are circulated prior to Board meetings and the reports provide, amongst others, financial and corporate information, significant operational, financial and corporate issues, performance of the Company and management's proposal which require the approval of the Board.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary as well as to independent professional advice, including the Internal Auditors.

#### Re-election

At the first annual general meeting, all the Directors are required to submit themselves for election. At subsequent annual general meetings, one third (1/3) of the Directors shall retire from office. All Directors are required to submit themselves for re-election every three years.

#### Nomination Committee ("NC")

The NC was established on 8 October 2007 and the members are as follows:-

Syed Zaid bin Jaffar Albar (Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
YBhg Tan Sri A.Razak bin Ramli (Independent Non-Executive Director)
Encik Mustapha bin Hamat (Independent Non-Executive Director)
Mr Choong Yee How (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
Ms Yvonne Chia (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

The NC's functions and responsibilities are set out in the terms of reference as follows:-

- Recommend to the Board the minimum requirements for appointments to the Board, Board committees and for the position of Chief Executive Officer.
- Review and recommend to the Board all Board appointments and re-appointments and removals including the Chief Executive Officer.
- Review annually the overall composition of the Board in terms of the appropriate size and skills, the balance between Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors, and mix of skills and other core competencies required.
- Assess annually the effectiveness of the Board and key senior management officers as a
  whole and the contribution by each individual Director to the effectiveness of the Board
  and various Board Committees based on criteria approved by the Board.
- Oversee the appointment, management succession planning and performance evaluation of key senior management officers and recommend their removal if they are found ineffective, errant and negligent in discharging their responsibilities.
- Ensure that the Board receives an appropriate continuous training programme.

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (Continued)**

#### Nomination Committee ("NC") (Continued)

During the financial year ended 30 June 2008, two (2) NC meetings were held and the meetings were attended by all the members.

#### Remuneration Committee ("RC")

The RC was established on 8 October 2007 and the members are as follows:-

- 1. YBhg Tan Sri A. Razak bin Ramli (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)
- 2. Syed Zaid Bin Syed Jaffar Albar (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
- 3. Mr Choong Yee How (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

The RC's functions and responsibilities are set out in the terms of reference as follows:-

- Recommend to the Board the framework governing the remuneration of the:-
  - Directors:
  - Chief Executive Officer; and
  - Key senior management officer.
- Review and recommend to the Board the specific remuneration packages of executive directors and the Chief Executive Officer.
- Review the remuneration package of key senior management officers.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2008, one (1) RC meeting was held and the meeting was attended by all the members.

The Directors fees are set out in Note 14 to the financial statements.

#### **Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC")**

The financial reporting and internal control system of the Company is overseen by the BARMC which was established on 25 April 2007. The members of the BARMC are as follows:

- 1. YBhg Tan Sri A. Razak bin Ramli (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)
- 2. Syed Zaid Bin Syed Jaffar Albar (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
- 3. Ms Yvonne Chia (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

During the financial year ended 30 June 2008, seven BARMC meetings were held and attended by all members.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (Continued)**

### Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") (Continued)

The primary functions and responsibilities of BARMC are set out in the terms of reference as follows:

- 1. To review the audit plan, audit charter and budget of the Internal Audit Department as well as the scope of internal audit procedures and to ensure that the Internal Audit Department is distinct and has the appropriate status within the overall organisational structure for the internal auditors to achieve their audit objectives;
- 2. To review the overall internal management system, in particular, financial status of the Company, its internal controls in critical areas of operations, risks and implications of the internal audit findings and recommendations:
- To advise on the appointment, remuneration, performance, evaluation, removal and redeployment of the Chief Internal Auditor and senior officers of the internal audit functions;
- 4. To review with the external auditors, the scope of their audit and audit reports, including their findings, issues or reservations arising from the interim and financial audits and any action to be taken by management;
- 5. To consider the provision of non-audit services by the external auditors;
- To review and assess the objectivity, performance and independence of the external auditors and to recommend the appointment or re-appointment of external auditors and to review and assess fees paid to the external auditors for their audit and nonaudit services;
- 7. To review the Chairman's statement, corporate governance disclosures in the Directors' Report, interim financial reports and all representation letters by management in relation to the financial audit of the Company;
- 8. To review related party transactions and conflict of interest situations that may arise within the Company including any transaction, procedure or conduct that raises questions of management integrity;
- 9. To ensure prompt publication of annual accounts of the Company. The Board is duty bound to ensure that accounts are prepared in a timely and accurate manner for regulatory, management and general reporting purposes, with frequent reviews of the adequacy of provisions and to ensure supervisory issues raised by Bank Negara Malaysia are resolved in a timely manner;

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (Continued)**

#### Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") (Continued)

- 10. To report and recommend to the Board measures:
  - a) to identify all critical business risks faced by the Company;
  - b) to improve risk management strategies and policies proposed by management; and
  - c) to monitor and evaluate that risks have been managed effectively.
- 11. To review the implementation of the Risk Management Framework and risk management activities and reports; and
- 12. Other functions as may be determined by the Board.

#### Internal Audit

The Chief Internal Auditor reports directly to the BARMC and provides the BARMC and management with an independent assessment of the adequacy of risk management practice. Significant breaches and deficiencies identified are discussed with the BARMC and remedial action taken by management are reported to and monitored by the BARMC.

#### **Corporate Independence**

The Company has complied with BNM's Guidelines JPI/GPI 19 on Related Party Transactions. All necessary disclosures have been made to the Board regularly and where required, prior Board approval has been obtained. All material related party transactions are disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements.

### **Financial Reporting**

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the accounting records of the Company are properly maintained. Financial and management reports of the Company are reviewed at Board meetings.

#### **Internal Controls and Operational Risk Management**

The Board holds overall responsibility for maintaining a system of internal controls, which provides reasonable assessment of effective and efficient operations, internal financial controls and compliance with laws and regulations.

The Company has established authority limits and internal controls to manage operational and financial risks. The authority limits and system of internal controls are regularly reviewed to ensure continuous improvement in the control environment.

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (Continued)**

#### **Management Accountability**

The Company operates in an organisational structure and control environment which are constantly being reviewed and enhanced to ensure that it remains appropriate for the operating environment.

#### **Relationship with Auditors**

External auditors are appointed based on the recommendation by the BARMC. The BARMC also determines the remuneration of external auditors. The external auditors meet with the BARMC to:-

- (a) Present the scope of audit before the commencement of audit; and
- (b) Review the results of the financial year as well as the Internal Control letter after the conclusion of the audit.

#### **HOLDING COMPANIES**

The immediate and ultimate holding companies are Hong Leong Bank Berhad and Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad respectively, both incorporated in Malaysia.

### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION REGARDING THE COMPANY

- (I) As at the end of the financial year
  - (a) Before the financial statements of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:-
    - (i) to ascertain that there was adequate provision for incurred claims, including incurred but not reported claims ("IBNR");
    - (ii) to ascertain proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and have satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
    - (iii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their book values in the ordinary course of business had been written down to their estimated realisable values.

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION REGARDING THE COMPANY (Continued)

- (b) In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Company during the financial year have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.
- (II) As at the end of the financial year to the date of this report
  - (a) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances:-
    - (i) which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts inadequate to any material extent:
    - (ii) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements misleading; and
    - (iii) which had arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets and liabilities of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
  - (b) In the opinion of the Directors:-
    - (i) the results of the operations of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2008 are not likely to be substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature which had arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report; and
    - (ii) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due (for the purpose of this paragraph, contingent or other liabilities do not include liabilities arising from contract of takaful underwritten in the ordinary course of business of the Company).
- (III) As at the date of this report
  - (a) There are no charges on the assets of the Company which had arisen since the end of the financial year to secure the liabilities of any other person;
  - (b) There are no contingent liabilities which had arisen since the end of the financial year; and
  - (c) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in the report or financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, PriceWaterhouseCoopers, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board, in accordance with, a resolution of the Directors dated 22 August 2008.

Yvonne Chia

Director

Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar Director

Kuala Lumpur 22 August 2008

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 169 (15) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

We, Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar and Yvonne Chia, being two of the Directors of HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD, state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set on pages 18 to 75 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 30 June 2008 and of the results and cash flows of the Company for the financial year ended on that date in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 and the MASB approved accounting standards in Malaysia for Entities Other than Private Entities.

On behalf of the Board,

Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar

Director

Yvonne Chia Director

Kuala Lumpur 22 August 2008

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(16) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

I, Atsuhiko Ayabe, the Officer primarily responsible for the financial management of HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 18 to 75 are, in my opinion, correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named Atsuhiko Ayabe at Kuala Lumpur in Wilayah Persekutuan on 22 August 2008 Before me.



Lot 112, Tingkat Satu Wisma MPL, Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISORY COMMITTEE

In the name of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful.

To the Shareholders of Hong Leong Tokio Marine Takaful Berhad.

In compliance with the letter of appointment, we are required to submit the following report:

We have reviewed the principles and the contracts relating to the transactions and applications introduced by the Company during the financial year ended 30 June 2008. We have also conducted our review to form an opinion as to whether the Company has complied with Shariah rules and principles and with the specific fatwas, rulings and guidelines issued by us.

The Company's management is responsible for ensuring that the Company conducts its business in accordance with Shariah rules and principles. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion and report, based on our review of the operations of the Company.

We performed our review on the basis of information and explanations provided to us which are deemed essential together with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the Company has not violated Shariah rules and principles.

#### In our opinion:

- a) the contracts, transactions and dealings entered into by the Company during the financial year ended 30 June 2008 that we have reviewed are in compliance with the Shariah rules and principles:
- b) the main sources and investments of the Company disclosed to us conform to the basis that had been approved by us in accordance with Shariah rules and principles:

We beg Allah the Almighty to grant us all the success and straight-forwardness.

Prof. Ør. Ab. Mumin Ab. Ghani

Chairman Shariah Advisory Committee

Kuala Lumpur 22 August 2008

Dr Uzaimah **lbrahim** 

Shariah Advisory

Rahimi Osman Member Member

Shariah Advisory Committee Committee

Assoc. Prof. Dr Muhamad



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
(Company No. 738090-M)

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of Hong Leong Tokio Marine Takaful Berhad, which comprise the balance sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 18 to 75.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with MASB approved Accounting Standards in Malaysia for Entities Other Than Private Entities and the Companies Act 1965. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (CONTINUED) (Incorporated in Malaysia) (Company No. 738090-M)

### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly drawn up in accordance with MASB Approved Accounting Standards in Malaysia for Entities Other than Private Entities and the Companies Act 1965 so as to give a true and fair value of the financial position of the Company as of 30 June 2008 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

#### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia, we also report that, in our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

### **OTHER MATTERS**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUS ECOOPERS

(No. AF:1146)

Kuala Lumpur 22 August 2008

**Chartered Accountants** 

PATOHARAN NAIR (No. 2656/05/10(J))

**Chartered Accountant** 

Company No. 738090-M

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2008

AS AT 30 JUNE 2008			
	Note	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
ASSETS			
SHAREHOLDERS' FUND ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	4	944	1,131
Intangible assets	5	1,753	1,652
Investments	6(a)	97,166	91,330
Receivables	7	1,058	1,101
Cash and bank balances		390	3,245
Total shareholders' fund assets		101,311	98,459
Total general takaful fund assets		1,122	432
Total family takaful fund assets		164,571	6,711
TOTAL ASSETS		267,004	105,602
LIABILITIES			
SHAREHOLDERS' FUND LIABILITIES			
Payables	8	2,461	778
Due to related companies	23	1,197	364
Deferred Wakalah income		63	_*
Total shareholders' fund liabilities		3,721	1,142
Total general takaful fund liabilities		542	300
Total family takaful fund liabilities		3,831	1,335
		8,094	2,777
General takaful fund	17(a)	40	(29)
Family takaful fund	17(b)	160,740	5,376
Unearned contribution reserves	18	540	161
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	169,414	8,285
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	9	100,000	100,000
Accumulated losses	-	(2,410)	(2,683)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		97,590	97,317
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLD	 ERS'	·	
EQUITY		267,004	105,602

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes RM249

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ form\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ financial\ statements}$ 

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

	Note	Financial year ended 30 June 2008 RM'000	Financial period from 19 June 2006 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2007 RM'000
Operating revenue	10	174,705	7,889
Share of investment profit from:			
Family takaful		61	1
General takaful		2	1
Wakalah fee		7,583	277
Investment income	12	3,407	1,637
Other operating expenses - net	13	(237)	(7)
Management expenses	14	(6,728)	(4,510)
Commission paid		(3,785)	(82)
Loss before zakat and taxation		303	(2,683)
Zakat		-	-
Taxation	15	(30)	
Net profit/(loss) for the financial year/period		273	(2,683)

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# GENERAL TAKAFUL BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2008

	Note	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
ASSETS			
Investments	6(b)	411	300
Receivables	7	446	16
Cash and bank balances	_	265	116_
TOTAL GENERAL TAKAFUL ASSETS	_	1,122	432
LIABILITIES			
Payables	8	306	270
Outstanding claims		236	30
TOTAL GENERAL TAKAFUL LIABILITIES	_	542	300
PARTICIPANTS' FUND			
General takaful fund	17 (a)	40	(29)
Unearned contribution reserves	18	540	161
	_	580	132
TOTAL GENERAL TAKAFUL LIABILITIES AND PARTICIPANTS' FUND	<u>-</u>	1,122	432

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# GENERAL TAKAFUL REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

Financial year ended 30 June 2008 Fire Miscellaneous **Total** RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 Note Gross contributions 10 1,211 58 1,269 Retakaful (668)(6) (674)Net contributions 543 52 595 Increase in unearned 18 contribution reserves (340)(39)(379)Earned contributions 203 13 216 Net claims incurred 16 (230)(229)(1)Wakalah fees 11 (364)(19)(383)Commission earned from retakaful ceded 90 90 Underwriting deficit (300)(7)(307)Net investment income 12 20 Profit before taxation (287)**Taxation** 15 Net loss at end of financial vear (287)Increase in Qardh 356 General takaful fund at 17(a) beginning of financial year (29)General takaful fund at end 17(a) of financial year 40

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## GENERAL TAKAFUL REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 19 JUNE 2006 (DATE OF INCORPORATION) TO 30 JUNE 2007

Financial period from 19 June 2006 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2007

		incorporation) to 30 June 2007				
		Fire	Miscellaneous	Total		
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
	4.0					
Gross contributions	10	240	-	240		
Retakaful		_	_	_		
Net contributions		240	-	240		
Increase in unearned contribution reserves	18	(161)	-	(161)		
Earned contributions		79	-	79		
Net claims incurred	16	(31)	-	(31)		
Wakalah fee	11 _	(84)		(84)		
Underwriting deficit		(36)	-	(36)		
Net investment income	12			7		
Profit before taxation				(29)		
Taxation	15					
General takaful fund at end of financial period	17(a)			(29)		

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# FAMILY TAKAFUL BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2008

	Note	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
ASSETS			
Investments Receivables Cash and bank balances Investment-linked business assets TOTAL FAMILY TAKAFUL FUND ASSETS	6(c) 7	9,054 2,312 5,112 148,093 <b>164,571</b>	1,615 515 309 4,272 <b>6,711</b>
LIABILITIES			
Payables Outstanding claims Investment-linked business liabilities TOTAL FAMILY TAKAFUL FUND LIABILITIES	8 19(a)	1,963 157 1,711 <b>3,831</b>	1,334 - 1 1,335
PARTICIPANTS' FUND			
Family takaful fund  TOTAL FAMILY TAKAFUL FUND  LIABILITIES AND PARTICIPANTS' FUND	17(b) .		5,376
		164,571	6,711

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ form\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ financial\ statements}$ 

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# FAMILY TAKAFUL REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

	Note	Financial year ended 30 June 2008 RM'000	Financial period from 19 June 2006 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2007 RM'000
Gross contributions	10	169,334	5,994
Retakaful	_	(486)	(2)
Net contributions	-	168,848	5,992
Benefits paid and payable:			
Death		(1,912)	(102)
Surrender		(757)	-
Medical		(4)	-
Total benefits paid and payable		(2,673)	(102)
Wakalah fees	11	(7,262)	(193)
Other operating expenses - net	13	(20)	(10)
Inward retakaful (deficit)/surplus sharing with ceding takaful operator		278	(312)
Net investment income	12	495	8
Surplus before taxation		159,666	5,383
Taxation	15	(92)	(51)
Surplus after taxation before surplus from investment-linked business (Deficit)/surplus after taxation from	_	159,574	5,332
investment-linked business	19(b)	(4,169)	3
	_	155,405	5,335
Family takaful fund at beginning of			
financial year/period		5,376	<del>.</del>
Increase/(decrease) in Qardh	-	(41)	41
Family takaful fund at end of financial year/period	17(b)	160,740	5,376

<sup>\*</sup> Including deferred wakalah fee of RM62,325 (2007: RM238)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# Issued and fully paid ordinary shares of

RM1 each

	-		RM1 each		
	Note	Number of shares	Nominal value RM'000	Accumulated losses RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2007	9	100,000	100,000	(2,683)	97,317
Net profit for the financial year	ar	-	-	273	273
At 30 June 2008		100,000	100,000	(2,410)	97,590
At date of incorporation	9	_*	_**	-	_**
Issuance of shares		100,000	100,000	-	100,000
Net loss for the financial period	od			(2,683)	(2,683)
At 30 June 2007	-	100,000	100,000	(2,683)	97,317

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes 100

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

<sup>\*\*</sup> Denotes RM100

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

CAOTT LOW CTATEMENT TOR THE TIMANOIRE TEACT	Financial year ended	Financial period from 19 June 2006 (date of incorporation) to
CARLE CARLES EDOM ODED ATIMO A CTIVITIES	30 June 2008	30 June 2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	RM'000	RM'000
Net profit/(loss) for the financial year/period Adjustments for: -	273	(2,683)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	202	450
Amortisation of intangible assets	406	158 188
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	406 52	100
Gain on disposal of investments	(40)	-
Amortisation of premium - net	89	
Profits and dividend income	(4,216)	(1,655)
Allowance for diminution in value of investments	185	(1,000)
Unrealised capital loss on investments of investment-linked fund	4,716	•
Increase in unearned contribution reserves	379	161
Increase in family takaful fund	155,364	5,376
Increase in general takaful fund	69	(29)
Increase in deferred wakalah fee income reserve	63	(==)
Taxation	(337)	(51)
Profit from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities	157,205	1,472
Proceeds from disposal of investments	329	-
Purchase of investments	(188,107)	(12,339)
Decrease/(increase) in deposit and money market placements	25,773	(84,915)
Increase in receivables	(35)	(370)
Increase in outstanding claims	363	30
Increase in payables	2,748	1,194
Increase in Qardh	(315)	(41)
Increase in amount due to related companies	833	364
	1,206	(94,605)
Profit received from investments	3,845	1,344
Dividend received from investments	65	9
Tax paid	(30)	51
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	2,674	(93,201)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of intangible assets	(507)	(1,840)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(221)	(1,289)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	154	(1,200)
Net cash used in investing activities	(574)	(3,129)
CASH ELOW EDOM EINANCING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Issuance of ordinary shares		100,000
Net cash generated from financing activities		······································
not odon generated from mancing activities		100,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,100	3,670
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year/period	3,670	_*
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the		0.077
financial year/period	5,770	3,670

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## SHAREHOLDERS' FUND CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Shareholders' fund	390	3,245
Family fund	5,112	309
Investment-linked business	3	-
General fund	265	116
	5,770	3,670

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes 100

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is engaged principally in the managing of family takaful including investment-linked business and all classes of general takaful business. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia. The registered office of the Company is located at Level 8, Wisma Hong Leong, 18, Jalan Perak, 50450 Kuala Lumpur. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Level 5, Wisma Hong Leong, 18 Jalan Perak, 50450 Kuala Lumpur.

The immediate and ultimate holding companies are Hong Leong Bank Berhad and Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad respectively, both incorporated in Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 22 August 2008.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Unless otherwise stated, the following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in this summary of significant accounting policies and comply with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS"), which are MASB approved accounting standards in Malaysia for Entities Other than Private Entities, the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965, the Takaful Act, 1984, and relevant Guidelines and Circulars issued by Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") in all material aspects.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MASB approved accounting standards in Malaysia for Entities Other than Private Entities, requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires Directors to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (a) Basis of Preparation (Continued)

Although these estimates are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment of complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 3.

### (i) Standards and amendments to published standards that are effective

During the financial year, the Company adopted the following new and revised FRS and other technical pronouncements issued by MASB that are relevant and effective for financial statements commencing 1 July 2007:

FRS 124 - Related Party Disclosures.

FRS 107 - Cash Flow Statements

FRS 118 - Revenue

FRS 137 - Provisions. Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

TRi 1 - Accounting for Zakat on Business

Tri 2 – Ijarah

The adoption of the above new FRSs, did not result in any significant financial impact on the results of the Company.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (a) Basis of Preparation (Continued)
- (ii) Standard that is approved and issued by MASB but not yet effective

FRS 139 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (effective for accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2010). This new standard establishes principles for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy and sell non-financial items. Hedge accounting is permitted only under strict circumstances. The Company has applied the transitional provision in FRS139 which exempts entities from disclosing the possible impact arising from the initial application of this standard on the financial statements of the Company. The Company will apply this standard when effective.

(iii) Standards, amendments to published statements and interpretations that are effective but not relevant for the Company's operations

Amendment to FRS 119 (2004) Employee Benefits – Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures.

Amendment to FRS 121 – The Effects of Changes in Fpreign Exchange Rates – Net Investment in Foreign Operation.

FRS 6 – Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Resources.

FRS 111 - Construction Contracts

FRS 112 - Income Taxes

FRS 117 - Leases.

FRS 120 – Accounting for Gevernment Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance.

FRS 134 - Interim Financial Reporting

- IC Interpretation 1 Changes in Existing Commissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities.
- IC Interpretation 2 Members' Shares in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments.
- IC Interpretation 5 Rights to Interests arising from Decommisson, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (a) Basis of Preparation (Continued)
- (iii) Standards, amendments to published statements and interpretations that are effective but not relevant for the Company's operations (Continued)
  - IC Interpretation 6 Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment.
  - IC Interpretation 7 Applying the Restatement Approach under FRS 129 (Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies).
  - IC Interpretation 8 Scope of FRS 2 (Share-based Payment). This interpretation clarifies that FRS 2 applies even in the absence of specifically identifiable ggods and services.

#### (b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent expenditure are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the income statement and/or revenue accounts during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis to write off the cost of the assets, to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, summarised as follows:

Furniture & fittings, office equipment and renovations 5 years
Computer and peripherals 5 years
Motor vehicles 4 years

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, an analysis is performed to assess whether the carrying amount of the asset is fully recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. See accounting policy Note 2 (e) on impairment of assets.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amounts and are included in the income statement and/or revenue accounts.

#### (c) Intangible Assets - Computer Software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense when incurred. Costs that are directly associated with identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Company, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognised as intangible assets. Costs include employee costs incurred as a result of developing software and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

Computer software development costs recognised as assets are amortised using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives, not exceeding a period of 5 years.

### (d) Investments

# Islamic corporate debentures

Islamic corporate debentures which are secured or which carry a minimum rating of "BBB" or "P3" are stated at cost adjusted for amortisation of premiums or accretion of discounts, calculated on a constant yield basis, from the date of purchase to maturity date. The amortisation of premiums and accretion of discounts are recognised in the income statement and/or revenue accounts.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (d) Investments (Continued)

#### **Quoted investments**

Quoted investments are stated at the lower of cost and market value determined on an aggregate portfolio basis by category of investments except that if diminution in value of a particular investment is not regarded as temporary, allowance is made against the value of that investment. Market value is determined by reference to the stock exchange closing price at the balance sheet date.

#### **Unquoted investments**

Unquoted investments are stated at cost and an allowance for diminution in value is made where, in the opinion of the Directors, there is a decline other than temporary in the value of such investments. Where there has been a decline other than temporary in the value of an investment, such a decline is recognised as an expense in the financial year in which the decline is identified.

#### **Investment-linked business**

Investments of investment-linked business, other than unquoted islamic corporate debentures and structured investments, are stated at closing market prices as at balance sheet date.

Unquoted islamic corporate debentures are stated at average indicative market prices quoted by at least two licensed financial institutions.

Structured investments are investments where a substantial amount of the fund is invested in fixed income instruments issued by financial institutions while the remaining amount is invested in instruments which are linked to the performance of one or more equity market prices and indices that introduce certain risks that will affect the performance of these instruments. Structured investments are carried at fair values quoted by counter parties based on a specific valuation model as at the balance sheet date.

Any increase or decrease in value of these investments is recognised in the investment-linked business revenue account.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Impairment of Assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. Impairment is measured by comparing carrying values of the assets with their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net realisable value and the value in use, which is measured by reference to discounted cash flows.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the income statement and/or revenue accounts immediately. Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when the impairment losses recognised for the asset no longer exist or have decreased. A reversal of such impairment loss is recognised as an income in the income statement and/or revenue accounts.

#### (f) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are carried at invoiced amount less an allowance for bad debts.

Known bad debts are written off and specific allowances are made for any contributions including agents' or retakaful balances which remain outstanding for more than six months from the date on which they become receivable and for all debts which are considered doubtful.

#### (g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and bank balances excluding deposits in Islamic investment accounts, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### (h) Payables

Payables are stated at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services rendered.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (i) Taxation

Current tax expense is determined according to the tax laws of the jurisdiction in which the Company operates and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits.

Deferred tax is recognised in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for tax purpose and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting, nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses can be utilised.

Tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date are used to determine deferred tax.

### (j) Zakat

Zakat represents tithes payable by the Company to comply with Shariah principles and as approved by the Shariah Advisory Committee. Zakat provision is calculated based on 2.5% of the profit before zakat and taxation of the Company for the financial year.

## (k) Management Expenses, Commission Expenses and Wakalah Fee

Acquisition costs, commissions and management expenses are borne by the family takaful and general takaful funds respectively in the revenue accounts at an agreed percentage of the gross contribution, in accordance with the principles of Wakalah as approved by the Company's Shariah Advisory Committee and agreed between the participants and the Company. These expenses are transferred to the shareholders' fund via upfront wakalah fee and deferred wakalah fee.

Upfront wakalah fee is allocated to the shareholders' fund and recognised as income upon issuance of certificates.

Deferred wakalah fee is allocated to the shareholders' fund upon monthly allocation of tabarru'/donation from the participants' fund to the risk fund and is deferred as a liability under "deferred wakalah fee reserve". Deferred wakalah fee is recognised as income in the shareholders' fund based on the recommendation by the appointed actuary when the risk fund is in a surplus position after an annual actuarial valuation of the risk fund at the end of the financial year.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (k) Management Expenses, Commission Expenses and Wakalah Fee (Continued)

In the event that the risk fund is in a deficit position, the deficit in the risk fund will be made good by the "deferred wakalah fee reserve" before the shareholders' fund via a benevolent loan or Qardh.

### (I) Employee Benefits

### Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits, which are short-term employee benefits, are accrued in the financial year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Company.

#### Post employment benefits

The Company's contributions to the national defined contribution plan, the Employees' Provident Fund, are charged to the income statement and/or revenue accounts in the financial year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Company has no further payment obligations.

### (m) Family Takaful Fund

The family takaful fund is maintained in accordance with the requirements of the Takaful Act, 1984 and includes the amount attributable to participants. The amount attributable to participants represents the accumulated surplus attributable to the participants as determined by an annual actuarial valuation of the Family Takaful fund, and is distributed in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed by the Shariah Advisory Committee of the Company.

Any actuarial deficit in the family takaful fund will be made good by the shareholder's fund via a benevolent loan or Qardh.

### **Contribution Income**

Contributions are recognised as soon as the amount of contributions can be reliably measured. Initial contribution is recognised from inception date and subsequent contributions are recognised on due dates.

Inward treaty retakaful contributions are recognised on the basis of periodic advices received from ceding companies.

Outward retakaful contributions are recognised in the same accounting year as the original certificates to which the retakaful relates.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (I) Family Takaful Fund (Continued)

### **Contribution Income (Continued)**

Contribution of investment-linked business is in respect of the net creation of units which represents contribution paid by participants as payment for new certificates or subsequent payments to increase the amount of their certificate. Net creation of units is recognised on a receipt basis.

#### **Provision for Claims**

Claims and settlement costs that are incurred during the financial year are recognised when a claimable event occurs and/or the takaful operator is notified.

Recoveries on retakaful claims are accounted for in the same financial year as the original claims are recognised.

Claims and provision for claims arising on family takaful certificates, including settlement costs, are accounted for using the case basis method and for this purpose the benefits payable under a family takaful certificate are recognised as follows:

- (i) Maturity or other certificate benefit payments due on specified dates are treated as claims payable on the due dates;
- (ii) Death, surrender and other benefits without due dates are treated as claims payable, on the date of receipt of intimation of death of the participant or occurrence of contingency covered.

The benefits payable under investment-linked business are in respect of net creation of units and are recognised as surrenders.

### (n) General Takaful Fund

The general takaful fund is maintained in accordance with the requirements of the Takaful Act, 1984 and consists of unearned contribution reserves, and accumulated surplus attributable to participants which represents the participants' share in the net surplus of the general takaful revenue account, distributable in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed by the Shariah Advisory Committee of the Company. The general takaful underwriting results are determined for each class of takaful business after taking into account retakaful, unearned contributions and claims incurred. Any deficit in the participants' special account will be made good by the shareholders' fund via a benevolent loan or Qardh.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (m) General Takaful Fund (Continued)

The general takaful results are determined for each class of business after taking into account retakaful, wakalah fee, unearned contribution and claim incurred.

#### **Contribution Income**

Contributions are recognised in a financial year in respect of risks assumed during that particular financial year. Contributions from direct business are recognised during the financial year upon the issuance of debit notes. Contributions in respect of risks incepted for which debit notes have not been raised as of the balance sheet date are accrued at that date.

Outward retakaful contributions are recognised in the same accounting year as the original certificates to which the retakaful relates.

### **Unearned Contribution Reserves**

Unearned contribution reserves ("UCR") represent the portion of net contributions of takaful certificates written that relate to the unexpired years of the certificates at the end of the financial year. In determining the UCR at balance sheet date, the method that most accurately reflects the actual unearned contributions is used as follows:

- (i) 1/365th method for all classes of general takaful business within Malaysia, reduced by the corresponding percentage of accounted gross direct business commissions not exceeding the limits specified by Bank Negara Malaysia.
- (ii) Time apportionment method for non-annual certificates and first year annual certificate with certificate cover period of more than one year, reduced by the corresponding percentage of accounted gross direct business commissions not exceeding the limits specified by BNM.

### **Provision for Outstanding Claims**

A liability for outstanding claims is recognised in respect of both direct takaful and inward retakaful business. The amount of outstanding claims is the best estimate of the expenditure required together with related expenses less retakaful recoveries to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date.

Provision is also made for the cost of claims, together with related expenses incurred but not reported ("IBNR") at the balance sheet date, based on an actuarial valuation by a qualified actuary.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (o) Other Revenue Recognition

Profits including the amount of amortisation of premium and accretion of discounts is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective rate over the period to maturity, when it is determined that such income will accrue to the Company.

Gains or losses arising on disposal of investments are credited or charged to the income statement and/or revenue accounts.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Investment profit of family takaful and general takaful funds are shared by the participants and the shareholders' fund at an agreed percentage, in accordance with the principles of Mudharabah basis as approved by the Company's Shariah Advisory Committee and agreed between the participants and the Company.

### (p) Foreign Currencies

(i) Functional and presentation currencies

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Company functional and presentation currency.

### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency translations are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting in the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement/revenue accounts.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (q) Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in the extremely rare case where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company. The Company does not recognise contingent assets but discloses its existence where inflows of economic benefits are probable, but not virtually certain.

### (r) Financial Instruments

### **Description**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to both a financial asset of one enterprise and a financial liability or equity instrument of another enterprise.

A financial asset is any asset that is cash, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from another enterprise, a contractual right to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially favourable, or an equity instrument of another enterprise.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another enterprise, or to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially unfavourable.

### Recognition

The particular recognition method adopted for financial instruments recognised on the balance sheet is disclosed in the individual accounting policy note associated with each item.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (r) Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Fair value estimation for disclosure purpose

The methods and assumptions used by the Company in estimating the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:

- (i) Fair values of quoted investments are based on quoted market price;
- (ii) Fair values of unquoted islamic corporate debentures are based on the indicative market prices quoted by at least two licensed financial institutions.
- (iii) The carrying value for other financial assets and liabilities with a maturity period of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values.

#### 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Directors and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

## Provision for incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims

For the financial year ended 30 June 2008, the IBNR estimates have been computed by a qualified actuary, Mercer Zainal Consulting Sdn Bhd ("MERCER"). Different methods can be used to analyse past data and project past patterns into the future, however the choice of method is constrained by the fact that the Company only has two years of operations. MERCER has considered the Ultimate Loss Ratio ("ULR") for the IBNR estimates. The method requires a selected ULR to be applied to net earned contribution in order to project the amount of ultimate claims incurred for each loss year, then subtract claims incurred for known claims from the projected ultimate claims incurred for each loss year in order to estimate the amount of claims to be incurred for IBNR claims.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

### Provision for incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims (Continued)

Assumptions regarding the ULR vary by class of business and take into account the following:

- (i) The Company's claims incurred development to date;
- (ii) Net contribution remaining after deducting wakalah fee; and
- (iii) The industry loss experience.

It is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects of the potential changes to the key assumptions used in assessing the IBNR claims due to the number of variables included in the assessment. However, it is reasonably possible that outcomes within the next financial year which are based on key assumptions that are different from the current assumptions could cause material adjustments to the IBNR claims of the Company.

## Actuarial liabilities for family takaful fund

For family takaful plans, the actuarial liabilities are determined by the Company's Appointed Actuary and were set up based on the unearned contribution reserve basis in which the proportion is equivalent to the ratio of the period from the valuation date to the period of next Tabarru' dripping period and the period of cover provided by risk charges recognised.

The following methodology is used in determining the unearned contribution reserve:

For long term liabilities, which currently consist of Mortgage Reducing Term Takaful policies, the cash flow reserves are set up for mortality benefits on a best estimate basis, which results in reserves being equal to a proportion of the risk charges, for unexpired risk or unearned contribution. Cash flow reserves for future expenses are not set up as management expenses and commissions are paid from the shareholders' fund.

It is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects of the potential changes to the key assumptions used in assessing the actuarial liabilities for family takaful fund due to the number of variables included in the assessment. However, it is reasonably possible that outcomes within next financial year which are based on key assumptions that are different from the current assumptions could cause material adjustments to the actuarial liabilities for family takaful fund.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

## Critical judgments in applying the Company's accounting policies:

In determining and applying accounting policies, judgments are often required in respect of items where choice of specific policy could materially affect the reported results and financial position of the Company. However, the Directors are of the opinion that there are currently no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

# 4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## Shareholders' fund

2008	Furniture & Fittings, Office Equipment and Renovations RM'000	Computer and Peripherals RM'000	Motor Vehicles RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost				
At 1 July 2007	563	405	321	1,289
Additions	50	26	145	221
Disposals	(34)		(193)	(227)
At 30 June 2008	579	431_	273	1,283
Accumulated Depreciation				
At 1 July 2007	102	34	22	158
Charge for the financial year	103	81	18	202
Disposals	(1)_	_	(20)	(21)
At 30 June 2008	204	115_		339
Net Book Value				
At 30 June 2008	375	316	253	944
		\$		
2007			(	
Cost				
At date of incorporation	-	-	-	-
Additions	563	405_	321_	1,289
At 30 June 2007	563	405	321	1,289
Accumulated Depreciation				
At date of incorporation	-	-	-	450
Charge for the financial period	102	34	22	158
At 30 June 2007	102	34	22	158
Net Book Value				
At 30 June 2007	461	371	299	1,131

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

# Shareholders' fund

2008 Cost	Computer Software RM'000
At 1 July 2007	1,840
Additions	507
At 30 June 2008	2,347
Accumulated Amortisation	
At 1 July 2007	188
Amortisation charge for the financial year (Note 14)	406
At 30 June 2008	594
Net Book Value	
At 30 June 2008	1,753
2007 Cost	
At date of incorporation	4.040
Additions At 30 June 2007	1,840
At 30 June 2007	1,840
Accumulated Amortisation	
At date of incorporation  Amortisation charge for the financial period	- 188
At 30 June 2007	188
71. 00 00110 2007	100
Net Book Value	
At 30 June 2007	1,652

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 6. INVESTMENTS

(a) Shareholders' fund				
	200	8	200	7
	Carrying Value RM'000	Market Value RM'000	Carrying Value RM'000	Market Value RM'000
Quoted in Malaysia: Equity securities of corporations, at				
cost	1,908		266	
Allowance for diminution in value	(192)	4 740	(7)	250
	1,716	1,716	259	259_
Unquoted: Government guaranteed				
debt securities, at cost	9,006		5,000	
Islamic debt securities, at cost	31,544		3,072	
Amortisation of premium	(124)		(1)	
	40,426		8,071	
Unit-linked funds (seed money), at cost	4,000		4,000	
Deposits and money market placements with licensed banks Total investments	51,024 97,166		79,000	
(b) General takaful				
Unquoted: Government guaranteed debt securities, at cost	<u>100</u> 100		<del>-</del>	
Deposits and money market placements with licensed banks Total investments	311 411		300	

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 6. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(c) Family takaful	2008		2007	
	Carrying Value RM'000	Market Value RM'000	Carrying Value RM'000	Market Value RM'000
Unquoted: Government guaranteed debt securities, at cost Islamic debt securities, at cost Amortisation of premium	900 2,385 3 3,288		- - - -	
Deposits and money market placements with licensed banks Total investments	5,766 9,054		1,615 1,615	
(d) Investment-linked				
Quoted in Malaysia: Equity securities of corporations, at cost Unrealised capital loss	169 (38) 131	131	- - -	
Unquoted: Islamic debt securities, at cost Unrealised capital loss	3,964 (93) 3,871		- - - -	
Structured investments, at cost Unrealised capital loss	146,212 (4,585) 141,627		- - -	
Deposits and money market placements with licensed banks Total investments	2,041 147,670		4,000 4,000	

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 6. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The maturity structure of government guaranteed securities, islamic debt securities, structured investments and deposit and money market placements with licensed banks above is as follows:

2008	Shareholders fund RM'000	General fund RM'000	Family fund RM'000	Investment -linked fund RM'000	Total RM'000
Investments maturing within 12 months Investments maturing after	51,024	311	6,767	2,041	60,143
12 months	40,426	100	2,287	145,498	188,311
Total	91,450	411	9,054	147,539	248,454
2007 Investments maturing within 12 months Investments maturing after 12 months	79,800 8,071	300	1,615	4,000	85,715 8,071
Total	87,871	300	1,615	4,000	93,786

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 7. RECEIVABLES

	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000
2008			
Trade receivables:			
Outstanding contributions	-	30	331
Due from retakaful operator			131
		30_	462
Other receivables:			
Amount due from shareholders' fund	-	360	110
Amount due from general takaful fund		<u>-</u>	6
Amount due from investment-linked			
fund	9	-	1,702
Profits receivable	523	7	28
Qardh	356	-	-
Other debtors, deposits and	470	40	4
prepayments	170 1,058	49	1,850
	1,030	410	1,000
Total receivables	1,058	446	2,312
2007			
Trade receivables:			
Outstanding contributions	_	9	41
Due from retakaful operator	••	· -	467
·		9	508
Other receivables:			
Amount due from general takaful fund	270		
Amount due from family takaful fund	339	-	-
Amount due from investment-linked	000		
fund	1	•••	-
Profits receivable	289	7	7
Qardh	41	-	-
Other debtors, deposits and			
prepayments	161	_	
	1,101	7	7
Total receivables	1,101	16	515

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 7. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Qardh represents an interest-free loan to the family and general takaful funds to make good the actuarial deficit and underwriting deficit in the respective funds. The amounts are unsecured, not subject to any profit element and have no fixed term of repayment.

Amounts due from takaful funds and shareholders' fund are unsecured, not subject to any profit element and have no fixed term of repayment.

### 8. PAYABLES

2008	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000
Trade payables: Amount due to retakaful operator	_	_	362
Amount due to retakardi operator	-		362
Other payables:			:
Contribution deposits	-	-	852
Amount due to general takaful fund	360	-	-
Amount due to family takaful fund	110	6	-
Sundry payables and accruals	1,991	300	749
	2,461_	306	1,601
	2,461	306	1,963
2007 Trade payables: Amount due to retakaful operator Amount due to participants	<u>-</u>	_ 	2 15 17
Other payables:			11
Contribution deposits	-	-	398
Surplus sharing reserves Amount due to shareholders' fund	-	-	312
Amount due to snareholders fund Amount due to investment-linked fund	-	270	339 268
Sundry payables and accruals	- 778	-	200
Cultury payables and accidats	778	270	1,317
·			
•	778	270	1,344

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 8. PAYABLES (Continued)

Amount due to general takaful fund in the shareholders' fund (2007: amount due to shareholders' fund in the family fund) include the interest-free loan from the shareholders' fund to the takaful funds under Qardh principle as disclosed in Note 2(m). The amount was transferred to the family and general takaful funds subsequent to the financial year end.

Amounts due to takaful funds and shareholders' fund are unsecured, not subject to any profit element and have no fixed term of repayment.

### 9. SHARE CAPITAL

	200	)8	200	7
Ordinary shares of RM1.00 e	No. of Shares '000	RM'000	No. of Shares '000	RM'000
Ordinary strates of KW1.00 e	acii			
Authorised : At beginning of financial year/period	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid: At beginning of financial year/date of incorporation	100,000	100,000	_*	_**
Created during financial year/period		_	100,000	100,000
At end of financial year/period	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes 100

<sup>\*\*</sup> Denotes RM100

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 10. OPERATING REVENUE

2008	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000	Total RM'000
Gross contributions Investment income	3,407 3,407	1,269 20 1,289	169,334 675 170,009	170,603 4,102 174,705
2007				
Gross contributions Investment income	1,637 1,637	240 7 247	5,994 11 6,005	6,234 1,655 7,889

Investment income of Family takaful fund includes investment outgo of investment-linked fund of RM180,000 (2007: RM3,000).

# 11. WAKALAH FEES

	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000	Total RM'000
2008			
Net commission expenses	207	3,595	3,802
Management expenses	<u> </u>	3,667	3,843
	383	7,262	7,645
2007			
Net commission expenses	36	54	90
Management expenses	48_	139_	187
	84	193	277

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 12. INVESTMENT INCOME

	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000
2008			
Gross dividends from equity securities of companies quoted in Malaysia	85	_	_
Profits from:	00		
- Islamic debt securities	1,242	3	53
<ul> <li>Deposits and money market placements</li> </ul>	2,140	19	495
(Amortisation of premium)/accretion			
of discount – net	(91)	-	3
Gain on disposal of investments	31_		
	3,407	22	551
Less: Share of investment profit of takaful funds with shareholders'			
fund		(2)	(56)
,	3,407	20	495
	<u> </u>		
2007			
Gross dividends from equity securities of companies:			
- Quoted in Malaysia	9	-	-
Profits from:			
<ul> <li>Islamic corporate Debentures</li> </ul>	30	-	
<ul> <li>Deposits and money market placements</li> </ul>	1,599	8	9
Amortisation of premium	(1)	-	
	1,637	8	9
Less:			
Share of investment profit of takaful funds with shareholders'		· ·	
fund	_	(1)	(1)
	1,637	7	8

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 13. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES - NET

	Shareholders' fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000
2008	405	
Allowance for diminution in value of investments	185 52	***
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Others	52	20
	237	20
2007		
Allowance for diminution in value	7	-
Others		10
	7	10

# 14. MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000	Total RM'000
2008			
Staff costs:			
Salary and bonus	1,268	1,268	2,536
Social security costs	7	7	14
Employees' provident fund	123	123	246
Other staff related expenses	43	43	86
Directors' fees	97	97	194
Shariah committee remuneration			
and other expenses	36	36	72
Depreciation of property, plant and			
equipment	101	101	202
Amortisation of intangible assets			
(Note 5)	203	203	406
Auditors' remuneration			
Statutory audit	20	20	40
Tax consultation	8	8	16
Rental of properties	150	150	300
Realised foreign exchange loss	13	13	26
Other expenses	1,295	1,295	2,590
Total	3,364	3,364	6,728

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 14. MANAGEMENT EXPENSES (Continued)

	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000	Total RM'000
2007			
Staff costs:			
Salary and bonus	1,030	1,030	2,060
Social security costs	6	6	12
Employees' Provident Fund	107	107	214
Other staff related expenses	40	40	80
Directors' fees	42	42	84
Shariah committee remuneration			
and other expenses	30	30	60
Depreciation of property, plant and			
equipment	79	79	158
Amortisation of intangible assets			
(Note 5)	94	94	188
Auditors' remuneration			
Statutory audit	10	10	20
Tax consultation	8	8	16
Rental of properties	113	113	226
Realised foreign exchange loss	6	6	12
Other expenses	690	690	1,380
Total	2,255	2,255	4,510

Management expenses of general and family takaful funds are transferred to the shareholders' fund under the principles of Wakalah as disclosed in Note 2 (k).

The remuneration, including benefits-in-kind, attributable to the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company during the financial year amounted to RM422,496 (2007: RM482,113).

Included in the staff costs are the remuneration for key management personnel, which is disclosed in Note 24.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 15. TAXATION

	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000
2008			
Current tax:			
Malaysian tax	30	-	-
Foreign tax			92
2007 Current tax: Foreign tax	<u>-</u>	-	51

The taxation charge of the family takaful fund and general takaful fund is based on the method prescribed under the Income Tax Act, 1967. The taxation charge in the income statement of the Company relates to income attributable to shareholders' fund.

The numerical reconciliation between taxation and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the Malaysian tax rate:

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
Profit/(loss) before taxation	303	(2,683)
Taxation at Malaysia statutory rate of 26% (2007: 27%)	79	(724)
Tax effects of expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax effects of income not taxable for tax purposes	188 (8)	517 -
Current year's tax loss not recognised	(0)	166
Tax losses of takaful funds utilised by shareholders' fund	(211)	-
Previously unrecognised tax losses	(160)	-
Deductible temporary difference not recognised	142_	41
	30	(166)

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 15. TAXATION (Continued)

The amount of deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the balance sheet is as follows:

2008	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000
Deductible temporary differences	696	-	-
Unutilised capital allowance	-	71	1,926
Tax losses		178_	
	696	249	1,926
2007			
Deductible temporary differences	151	-	-
Unutilised capital allowances	-	26	1,347
Tax losses	616	29_	-
	767	55	1,347

No deferred tax is recognised as the Company is still in a tax loss position.

## 16. NET CLAIMS INCURRED

General takaful fund 2008 Gross claims paid less salvage/net	Fire RM'000	Misc RM'000	Total RM'000
claims paid	24	<u> </u>	24
	24	-	24
Net outstanding claims:			
At beginning of financial year/period	30	-	30
At end of financial year/period	235	1_	236_
Net claims incurred	229	1_	230
2007	Fire RM'000	Misc RM'000	Total RM'000
Gross claims paid less salvage/net			
Gross claims paid less salvage/net			
Gross claims paid less salvage/net claims paid  Net outstanding claims:  At beginning of financial year/period			
Gross claims paid less salvage/net claims paid  Net outstanding claims:			

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 17(a) GENERAL TAKAFUL FUND

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
Liabilities to participants		
Participants' Account ("PA"):		
At 1 July/date of incorporation	(35)	-
Add: Increase in PA	75	(35)
At end of financial year/period	40	(35)
Participants' Special Account ("PSA"):		
At 1 July/date of incorporation (before		
Qardh)	6	-
Add: (Decrease)/increase in PSA	(6)	6
At end of financial year/period		6
Liabilities to participants at end of financial year/period	40	(29)
manolal yourpoirou		(20)
Unallocated surplus:		
At 1 July/date of incorporation	-	-
Deficit after taxation	(287)	(29)
Increase in Qardh	356	-
(Increase)/decrease in PA	(75)	35
(Increase)/decrease in PSA	6	(6)
Unallocated surplus carried forward		**
General takaful fund at end of financial year/period:		
Liabilities to participants	40	(29)
Unallocated surplus	<u>-</u>	-
	40	(29)
Qardh as at end of financial		
year/period	356	

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 17(b) FAMILY TAKAFUL FUND

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
Liabilities to participants		
Participants' Account ("PA"):		
At 1 July/date of incorporation	4,895	-
Add: Increase in PA	155,236_	4,895
At end of financial year/period	160,131	4,895
Participants' Special Account ("PSA"):		
At 1 July/date of incorporation	420	-
Add: (Decrease)/increase in PSA	(3)	420
At end of financial year/period	417	420
Liabilities to participants at end of	<del></del>	
financial year/period	160,548	5,315
Unallocated surplus:		
At 1 July/date of incorporation	61	-
Surplus after taxation	155,405	5,335
(Decrease)/increase in Qardh	(41)	41
Increase in PA	(155,236)	(4,895)
Decrease/(increase) in PSA	3	(420)
Unallocated surplus carried forward	192	61
Family takaful fund at end of financial year/period:		
Liabilities to participants	160,548	5,315
Unallocated surplus	192	61
	160,740	5,376
Qardh as at end of financial		
year/period	-	41

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 18. UNEARNED CONTRIBUTION RESERVES

	Fire RM'000	Miscellaneous RM'000	Total RM'000
2008			
At 1 July	161	-	161
Increase during the financial year	340_	39	379
At end of the financial year	501	39	540
	Fire RM'000	Miscellaneous RM'000	Total RM'000
<u>2007</u>			
2007 At date of incorporation			

# 19. INVESTMENT-LINKED BUSINESS

# (a) BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2008

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
ASSETS		
Investments (Note 6(d))	147,670	4,000
Receivables	53	4
Deferred tax assets	367	-
Amount due from family takaful fund	-	268
Cash and bank balances	3_	-
Investment-linked business assets	148,093	4,272
LIABILITIES		
Amount due to family takaful fund	1,702	-
Amount due to shareholders' fund	9	11
Investment-linked business liabilities	1,711	1_
Net asset value of funds	146,382	4,271

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 19. INVESTMENT-LINKED BUSINESS (Continued)

# (a) BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2008 (Continued)

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
REPRESENTED BY:		
UNITHOLDERS' ACCOUNT		
At beginning of the financial year/ period	4,271	-
Net creation of units	147,027	4,268
Cancellation of units	(747)	-
Surplus for the financial year/ period after taxation	(4,169)	3
	146,382	4,271

# (b) INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
Investment income *	180	3
Unrealised loss on investments	(4,716)	-
(Deficit)/surplus before taxation Taxation:	(4,536)	3
- current tax	-	-
- deferred tax	367_	-
	(4,169)	3

<sup>\*</sup> Net of share of investment profit of takaful with shareholders' fund of RM 5,758 (2007: RM 358).

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 20. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION ON CASH FLOW

2008	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000	Investment- linked business RM'000	Total RM'000
Cash flows from: Operating activities Investing activities	(2,281) (574) (2,855)	149 149	4,803 	3 3	2,674 (574) 2,100
Net increase /   (decrease) in   cash and cash   equivalents Cash and cash   equivalents: At beginning of   financial year	(2,855) 3,245	149 116	4,803 309	3	2,100 3,670
At end of	-				
financial year	390	<u> 265</u>	5,112	3	5,770

# HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 20. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION ON CASH FLOW (Continued)

2007	Shareholders' fund RM'000	General takaful fund RM'000	Family takaful fund RM'000	Investment- linked business RM'000	Total RM'000
			11111 000		11111 000
Cash flows from: Operating					
activities Investing	(93,626)	116	309	-	(93,201)
activities Financing	(3,129)	-	-	-	(3,129)
activities	100,000			<u> </u>	100,000
	3,245	116	309	_	3,670
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(96,755)	116	309	-	(96,330)
Cash and cash equivalents:					-
At date of incorporation	_**	-	_		_**
Issued on 16 October 2006:	100,000				100,000
At end of financial	2 245	116	200		2 670
period  ** Denotes RM100	3,245	116	309	<u>-</u>	3,670
200.00 1 411 100					

<sup>21.</sup> CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditure not provided for in the financial statements is as follows:

2008	2007
RM'000	RM'000
	1,205
	RM'000

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 22. NON-CANCELLABLE OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

	2008	2007
Future minimum lease	RM'000	RM'000
Not later than 1 year	300	300
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	50_	350
	350	650

## 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties of, and their relationship with the Company, are as follows:

Related Parties	Relationship
Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad	Ultimate holding company
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	Immediate holding company
Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co. Limited	Substantial shareholder of the Company
Hong Leong Assurance Berhad	Subsidiary of ultimate holding company
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	Subsidiary of immediate holding company

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The Directors are of the opinion that related party transactions were entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are no more favourable than those obtainable in similar transactions with unrelated parties unless otherwise stated.

Significant related party transactions with related parties during the financial year are as follows:

	Financial year ended 30 June 2008 RM'000	Financial period from 19 June 2006 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2007 RM'000
Transactions with ultimate holding company:		
Other expenses	(3)	(3)
Transactions with companies within the Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad Group: - Commission expenses	(3,659)	(81)
<ul> <li>Profits from Islamic deposits and money market placements</li> </ul>	2,710	1,625
- Office rental expenses	(300)	(226)
- Shared services fee	(847)	(297)
- Other expenses	(495)	(7)_
Transactions with companies within the Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co. Limited:		
- Shared services fee	(92)	(42)

Companies within the Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad Group include Hong Leong Bank Berhad, Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad and Hong Leong Assurance Berhad where there were related parties transactions.

Companies within the Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co. Limited, include Tokio Marine Asia Ltd where there were related parties transactions.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Included in the balance sheet of the Company are significant related party balances, represented by the following:

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
Amount due from/(to) other related companies within the Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad Group	):	
<ul><li>Bank balances</li><li>Islamic deposits and money market</li></ul>	5,342	3,633
placements	58,620	79,515
- Islamic corporate debentures	5,009	-
- Profits receivables	71	246
- Rental deposit	75	-
- Amount due to related companies	(1,167)	(364)
Transactions with companies within the Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co. Limited:		
Amount due to related companies	(30)	(42)

Amounts due to related companies are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed term of repayment.

### 24. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL REMUNERATION

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for the planning, directing and control of the Company's activities, either directly or otherwise. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Company, and selected senior management members.

Key management personnel's remuneration is as follows:

nanagement percentilere remaineration le de remente.	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000	
Directors' fees	194	83	
Key management personnel Short term employee benefits: Salary and other remuneration Benefits-in-kind/perquisite	407 15 422	468 14 482	
Total	616	565	

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

#### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company has to comply with the Takaful Act, 1984, as applicable, including guidelines on investment limits. The responsibility for the formulation, establishment and approval of the Company's investment policy rests with the Board of Directors ("the Board"). The Board exercises oversight on investments to safeguard the interests of the stakeholders.

The deployment and execution of the investment policies is delegated to the Investment Committee ("IC") in which the members are appointed by the Board. The IC oversees the formulation of investment, risk strategy and asset allocation to determine the optimum risk and return profile.

Risk limits are in place at various levels and monitored by a risk manager to ensure all investment securities are in compliance with the Group's and Company's investment principles and philosophy. Sensitivity and stress tests are carried out on regular basis to assess the resilience of the investment portfolios and the impact on Company's solvency.

The relevant risks affecting the Company are:

### (1) Takaful risks

The core activities of the Company are the provision of financial advisory services coupled with Takaful protection against such risks such as mortality, morbidity, disability, critical illness, medical health and personal accident. The mortality and morbidity risks are managed through various risk mitigation measures as well as appropriate actuarial techniques. New risks are carefully assessed before the formation of Takaful contracts.

### (2) Investment and pricing risks

The appropriate asset/liability match is derived through formulation of appropriate investment strategy, assets mix and pricing/re-pricing of products. Pricing risks pertaining to the risk of Takaful contribution being paid are generally inadequate to meet the obligations of the certificate benefits and general cost of carrying on the business. Such a situation may arise when there is an increase in operating costs, unfavourable change in the mortality and/or morbidity experience and major fluctuation in expected long term investment return.

Generally, products are developed and priced after considerable market research to minimise risks associated with the above factors.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

There is also regular reporting to the IC on compliance with established financial risk limits.

# (3) Profit rate risks

The Company's core Takaful and investment activities are inherently exposed to profit rate risks which arise principally from differences in maturities or re-pricing of the invested assets and also long-term participants' liabilities. In dealing with the risk, the Company adopts an approach of focusing on achieving a desired overall profit rate profile, which may change over time, based on management's long term view of profit rates and economic conditions.

## (4) Equity price risks

The Company monitors its equity price through regular stress testing and constant market supervision of the equity price.

### (5) Credit risks

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the inability or unwillingness of a counter-party to meet the payment obligations. The Company implements a strict credit control policy to minimise credit risks.

The Company's exposure to credit risk analysed by industry:

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
Islamic Government generated debt and debt securities		
Consumer products	4,992	-
Finance	1,000	1,000
Plantation	1,000	1,000
Power	10,005	-
Properties	9,595	-
Telecommunication	5,014	-
Transportation	5,009	-
Utilities	1,064	1,071
Other government guaranteed financing low risk		
assets	10,006	5,000
	47,685	8,071

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

### (5) Credit risks (Continued)

Rating of the Islamic Corporate debentures and bonds and other government guaranteed low-risk asset securities on carrying value basis are as follows:-

	2008 RM'000	2007 RM'000
Islamic Government guaranteed debt and debt securities		
AAA	14,604	-
AA	22,075	2,071
A	1,000	1,000
Other government guaranteed financing low risk		
assets	10,006	5,000
	47,685	8,071

#### (6) Liquidity risks

Liquidity risk is the risk where the Company is unable to meet its obligations at reasonable cost or at any time. The Finance Department manages this risk by monitoring daily as well as monthly, projected and actual cash inflows/outflows and by ensuring that a reasonable amount of financial assets are kept in liquid instruments at all times.

### (7) Business and operational risks

Operational risks include legal, political, regulatory, market conduct, competition, tax, environmental and business continuity risks. The Group Internal Auditor reviews the effectiveness of the internal controls and reports to the BARMC on a regular basis.

#### (8) Market risk

#### Equity risk

Adverse changes in the equity market impair the carrying value of the equity portfolio which could affect the solvency of the Company. The Board has set internal limits for maximum equity exposure and individual stock exposure, which are consistent with BNM's guidelines and has also imposed daily trading limits. The Company's IC decides on the appropriate asset allocation for equities on a regular basis in line with the investment and economic conditions at time of review.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

# (8) Market risk (Continued)

The average effective profit rate and maturity period for the financial assets and liabilities are as follows:

				Prof	it-bearing				
		Contr	actual rep	rising ma	turity date	(whicheve	r is earlier)		
Shareholders' fund 2008	Non- Profit Bearing	1 Year or less	1 to2 years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	More than 5 years	Total Carrying Value	Carrying average
Assets									
Investments: - Islamic Government guaranteed debt and debt securities	-	. <b>-</b>	10,522	5,385	6,096	2,000	16,423	40,426	4.35%
<ul> <li>Deposit and money market placement</li> </ul>	-	51,024	-	-	-	-	-	51,024	-
- Equity securities of companies	1,716	-		-	-	-	-	1,716	-
- Unit-linked funds (seed money)	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000	-
Cash and bank balances	390	-	-	-	-	-	-	390	
Other receivables	1,058	_	-	-	_	*		1,058	
Financial assets	7,164	51,024	10,522	5,385	6,096	2,000	16,423	98,614	
Non-financial assets								2,697	
Total assets								101,311	
Liabilities									
Other payables Due to related	2,461	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,461	
companies	1,197	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,197	
Financial liabilities	3,658	_	_	-	-	_	-	3,658	
Non-financial liabilities								63	
Total liabilities								3,721	

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

		Profit-bearing							
	Nee	Contra	actual rep	rising ma	turity date	(whicheve	r is earlier)		
Shareholders' fund 2007	Non- Profit Bearing	1 Year or less	1 to2 years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	More than 5 years	Total Carrying Value	Weighted average effective profit rate
Assets									
Investments: - Islamic Government guaranteed debt and debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	6,071	8,071	4.24%
<ul> <li>Deposit and money market placement</li> </ul>	-	79,000	-	-	-	-	-	79,000	-
<ul> <li>Equity securities of companies</li> </ul>	259	-	-	-	-	-	-	259	-
<ul> <li>Unit-linked funds (seed money)</li> </ul>	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000	<u>.</u>
Cash and bank balances	3,245	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,245	
Other receivables	1,101	_	_					1,101	
Financial assets	8,605	79,000	-	. <del>-</del>	-	2,000	6,071	95,676	
Non-financial assets								2,783	
Total assets								98,459	
Liabilities									
Other payables Due to related	778	-	-	-	-	-	-	778	
companies	364	-	_		-		-	364	
Financial liabilities	1,142	<u>.</u>	-	-		-	-	1,142	

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

		Contra	actual rep						
General Fund 2008	Non- Profit Bearing	1 Year or less	1 to2 years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	More than 5 years	Total Carrying Value	Weighted average effective profit rate
Assets									
Investments: - Islamic Government guaranteed and debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	100	3.90%
<ul> <li>Deposit and money market placement</li> </ul>	-	311	-	-	-	-	-	311	-
Cash and bank balances	265	-	-	_	-	-		265	
Other receivables	416		-	-	_	_	_	416	
Financial assets	681	311	-	-	_	_	100	1,092	
Other financial assets*								30	
Total assets								1,122	•
Liabilities									
Payables _	306	-	_				<u></u>	306	
Financial liabilities	306	_		-	-	-		306	
Other financial liabilitie	s*			· ·				236	
Non-financial liabilities								580	
Total liabilities								1,122	

<sup>\*</sup> Disclosure information for financial assets and liabilities that relates to rights and obligations arising under takaful contracts is not shown as it is excluded from the scope of FRS132 – Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

	Non- Profit Bearing	Contra	actual rep						
General Fund 2007		1 Year or less	1 to2 years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	More than 5 years	Total Carrying Value	Weighted average effective profit rate
Assets									
Investments: - Deposit and money market placement	-	300	-	-	-	-	-	300	
Cash and bank balances	116	-	-	-	-	-	-	116	
Other receivables	7	-	_	-	-	-	_	7	
Financial assets	123	300	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	_	423	
Other financial assets*								9	
Total assets								432	
Liabilities									
Payables	270		-	-	-	-	-	270	
Financial liabilities	270	-	-	-	-	-	-	270	
Other financial liabilities	<b>3</b> *							30	
Non-financial liabilities								132	
Total liabilities								432	

<sup>\*</sup> Disclosure information for financial assets and liabilities that relates to rights and obligations arising under takaful contracts is not shown as it is excluded from the scope of FRS132 – Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

	Non-	Cor	ntractual r						
Family takaful fund including investment-linked 2008	Profit Bearing	1 Year or less	1 to2 years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	More than 5 years	Total Carrying Value	Weighted average effective profit rate
Assets									
Investments: - Islamic Government guaranteed debt and debt securities	_	1,001	1,017		985	-	4,156	7,159	4.55%
<ul> <li>Structured investments</li> </ul>	-	-	-	141,627	-	· <u>-</u>	-	141,627	-
<ul> <li>Deposit and money market placement</li> </ul>		7,745	-	62	-	-	-	7,807	-
- Equity securities of companies	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	-
Cash and bank balances	5,115	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,115	
Other receivables	1,903	-	-	-	-		_	1,903	
Financial assets	7,149	8,746	1,017	141,689	985	-	4,156	163,742	
Other financial assets*								462	
Non financial assets								367	
Total assets								164,571	
Liabilities									
Payables	2,460	_	_	-			-	2,460	
Financial liabilities	2,460	-		** *** *******************************	-	-	##	2,460	
Other financial liabilitie	s*							519	
Non-financial liabilities								161,592	
Total liabilities								164,571	

<sup>\*</sup> Disclosure information for financial assets and liabilities that relates to rights and obligations arising under takaful contracts is not shown as it is excluded from the scope of FRS132 – Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

# 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

	Profit-bearing  Contractual reprising maturity date (whichever is earlier)								
Family takaful fund including investment-linked 2007	Non- Profit Bearing	1 Year or less	1 to2 years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	More than 5 years	Total Carrying Value	Weighted average effective profit rate
Assets									
Investments:									
Deposit and money market placement	-	5,615	-	-	-	-	-	5,615	-
Cash and bank balances	309	-	-	-	-	-	-	309	
Other receivables	279	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-		279	
Financial assets Other financial assets*	588	5,615	-	-	-	-	-	6,203 508	
							•		
Total assets								6,711	
Liabilities									
Payables	608	-		- ,,	_	_	-	608	
Financial liabilities	608	-	-	-	-	· _	-	608	
Other financial liabilities	s*							329	
Non-financial liabilities								5,774	
Total liabilities								6,711	

<sup>\*</sup> Disclosure information for financial assets and liabilities that relates to rights and obligations arising under takaful contracts is not shown as it is excluded from the scope of FRS132 – Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation.

HONG LEONG TOKIO MARINE TAKAFUL BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

## 26. FAIR VALUES

The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities of the company as at 30 June 2008 approximate their fair values, except for the following:

	200	8	2007		
	Carrying values	Fair values	Carrying values	Fair values RM'000	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Investments: Islamic Government guaranteed					
debt and debt securities	47,685	46,904	8,071	8,054	

The carrying value of investments in Islamic corporate debentures at the balance sheet has not been written down to their fair value as the Directors are of the opinion that these investments will be held for long term purpose.